Algebra I University of Helsinki Department of Mathematics and Statistics General examination 22.10.2013

1. The group $G = \{a, b, c, d, x, y\}$ has the following mutiplication table:

| • | a | b | c | d | x | y |
|----------------|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| \overline{a} | a | b | c | d | x | y |
| b | b | c | a | x | y | d |
| c | c | a | b | y | d | x |
| d | d | x | y | b | c | a |
| x | x | y | d | c | a | b |
| y | y | d | x | a | b | С |

- (a) What is the order of b?
- (b) Determine c^{-4} .
- (c) Find a subgroup of G whose order is 4, or show that such subgroup does not exist.
- 2. The group $G = \{(1), (14), (15), (45), (145), (154)\}$ has subgroups $H = \{(1), (145), (154)\}$ and $K = \{(1), (14)\}.$
 - (a) Determine the elements of the coset (15)H.
 - (b) Is it possible talk about the quotient group G/H? If so, determine the elements and multiplication table of this quotient group.
 - (c) Is it possible to talk about the quotient group G/K? If so, determine the elements and multiplication table of this quotient group.
- 3. Show that the following cancellation property holds in an integral domain D:

Assume that $a, b, c \in D$ and $a \neq 0$. If ab = ac, then b = c.

4. Show that the set

$$R = \left\{ \frac{a}{b} : a, b \in \mathbb{Z}, b \text{ is odd} \right\}$$

is a subring of \mathbb{Q} . What are the units of R?

5. How many homomorphisms there are from the group \mathbb{Z}_6 into the group \mathbb{Z}_4 ?