

SPECTRAL THEORY / AUTUMN 2016 / EXERCISE 9

1. Show that for all $\varepsilon > 0$ there exists a C^∞ -function (a "cut-off-function") $\chi_\varepsilon : \mathbb{R} \rightarrow [0, 1]$ with the following properties:

$$\begin{aligned}\chi_\varepsilon(x) &= 0 \quad \text{for all } x \leq 0 \\ \chi_\varepsilon(x) &= 1 \quad \text{for all } x \geq \varepsilon \\ \left| \frac{\partial \chi_\varepsilon}{\partial x}(x) \right| &\leq \frac{10}{\varepsilon} \quad \text{for all } x \in \mathbb{R} \\ \left| \frac{\partial^2 \chi_\varepsilon}{\partial x^2}(x) \right| &\leq \frac{100}{\varepsilon^2} \quad \text{for all } x \in \mathbb{R}.\end{aligned}$$

Instruction. Suitable piecewise linear function & convolution with a mollifier.

2. Generalize the result of problem 1 to higher dimensions, with $B(0, \varepsilon)$ replacing the interval $] - \infty, 0]$, $\mathbb{R}^d \setminus \overline{B}(0, 2\varepsilon)$ replacing the interval $[\varepsilon, \infty[$, gradient replacing the first derivative and the Laplacian replacing the second derivative.
3. Prove the "if" statement of Theorem 6.18.
4. Prove the "only if" statement of Theorem 6.18.