

## Homework exercises, set 12

1. Denote by  $\gamma_\mu$ ,  $\mu = 0, 1, 2, 3$ , the Dirac matrices in the Minkowski metric  $\eta = \text{diag}(1, -1, -1, -1)$  where the index  $\mu = 0$  corresponds to the time-like (positive norm) direction. Compute the commutation relations of the matrices  $M_{\mu\nu} = \frac{1}{4}[\gamma_\mu, \gamma_\nu]$  and show that the Lie algebra generated by these matrices is isomorphic to the Lie algebra of complex trace-less  $2 \times 2$  matrices, considered as a *real* vector space.

2. Let  $A$  be a local vector potential, that is, the pull-back to the base of the connection form  $\omega$  on the the total space  $P$  of a principal bundle. Assume that  $A$  is defined on an open set  $U \subset M$  in the given local trivialization. What is the horizontal subspace  $H_p \subset T_p P$  expressed in the local trivialization  $U \times G$  of the principal bundle?

3. Let  $\{U_\alpha\}$  be an open cover of a compact oriented manifold  $M$  and  $\{\rho_\alpha\}$  a partition of unity subordinate to this open cover. Assume that we have a collection of integers  $n_{\alpha\beta\gamma}$ , antisymmetric in the indices, corresponding to the labels of the open cover, such that

$$n_{\alpha\beta\gamma} - n_{\alpha\beta\delta} + n_{\alpha\gamma\delta} - n_{\beta\gamma\delta} = 0$$

for all quadruples of indices. Show that the collection of local 2-forms

$$F_\alpha = \sum_{\beta\gamma} n_{\alpha\beta\gamma} d\rho_\beta \wedge d\rho_\gamma$$

actually defines a globally well-defined closed 2-form on  $M$ . What has this to do with the first Chern class of a complex line bundle, or its transition functions?

4. a) Compute the index of the Dirac operator on  $S^4$  (standard metric) associated to a principal  $SU(2)$  bundle through the defining representation of  $SU(2)$  in  $\mathbb{C}^2$ . We assume that the connection corresponds to the basic instanton (self-dual) gauge field, the value of the integral of (the normalized) second Chern class is equal to one. Use the fact that the first Pontrjagin number of  $S^4$  vanishes (it is actually not very difficult to prove this). b) Construct a Dirac operator in a vector bundle over the torus  $S^1 \times S^1$  with a given index  $= k$ .