Department of Mathematics and Statistics Real Analysis I Exercise 6 26-27.4.2017

1. Let (X, Γ, μ) be a measure space, $f \in L^p(X)$ and t > 0. Show that *Chebyshev's inequality* holds:

$$\mu\left(\left\{x \in X \colon |f(x)| > t\right\}\right) \le \left(\frac{\|f\|_p}{t}\right)^p.$$

2. We say that a measurable function $f : \mathbb{R}^n \to \mathbb{R}$ belongs to the "weak L^1 -space" weak- $L^1(\mathbb{R}^n)$ if there is a constant $c = c_f < \infty$, so that

$$m\bigl(\{x \in \mathbb{R}^n \colon |f(x)| > t\}\bigr) \le \frac{c}{t} \quad \forall t > 0.$$

- (a) Verify that $L^1(\mathbb{R}^n) \subset \text{weak-}L^1(\mathbb{R}^n)$.
- (b) Show with the help of an example that weak- $L^1(\mathbb{R}) \not\subset L^1(\mathbb{R})$.
- 3. Let $A, B \subset \mathbb{R}^n$ be measurable sets, so that

 $m(A \cap B^n(x, 1/i)) \le m(B \cap B^n(x, 1/i))$

for all $x \in A$ and $i \in \mathbb{N}$, where $B^n(x, 1/i) = \{y \in \mathbb{R}^n : |y - x| < 1/i\}$. Show that $m(A) \leq m(B)$.

- 4. Let $f \in L^1(\mathbb{R}^n)$. Show that $Mf(x) < +\infty$ for a.e. $x \in \mathbb{R}^n$.
- 5. Let $f \in L^1_{\text{loc}}(\mathbb{R}^n)$ be a locally integrable function, t > 0, $A_t = \{x \in \mathbb{R}^n \colon |f(x)| \le t/2\}, g = f\chi_{A_t} \text{ and } h = f g$. Show that $\{x \in \mathbb{R}^n \colon Mf(x) > t\} \subset \{x \in \mathbb{R}^n \colon Mh(x) > t/2\}.$
- 6. Let $f : \mathbb{R}^n \to \dot{\mathbb{R}}$ be measurable. Show that for any t > 0 one has: $m(\{x \in \mathbb{R}^n : Mf(x) > t\} \le \frac{2 \cdot 5^n}{t} \int_{\{x : |f(x)| > t/2\}} |f(y)| dy.$