

**Department of Mathematics and Statistics**  
**Sobolev Spaces, Spring 2016**  
**Exercise 3**

Solutions to the exercises are to be returned by Tuesday Feb. 9.  
to Petri Ola, office D329.

1. Show that  $u(x) = \log \log \left(1 + \frac{1}{|x|}\right) \in W^{1,n}(B)$ , where  $B = B(0, 1)$  is the unit ball in  $\mathbb{R}^n$ .

2. a) Show that  $W^{1,p}(\mathbb{R}^n) = W_0^{1,p}(\mathbb{R}^n)$ ,  $1 \leq p < \infty$ .

b) Prove the generalised Hölder's inequality: If  $1 \leq p_1, \dots, p_m \leq \infty$  and  $\frac{1}{p_1} + \frac{1}{p_2} + \dots + \frac{1}{p_m} = 1$ , then

$$\int_{\Omega} |u_1 u_2 \cdots u_m| dx \leq \prod_{j=1}^m \left( \int_{\Omega} |u_j|^{p_j} dx \right)^{1/p_j}.$$

3. If  $\Omega = (a, b) \subset \mathbb{R}$ , how do you define the trace operator  $T$  on  $W^{1,p}(\Omega)$ ? If  $u \in W^{1,p}(\Omega)$ , show that  $T(u) = 0$  if and only if the absolutely continuous representative of  $u$  satisfies  $u(a) = u(b) = 0$ .

4. Let  $0 \leq \eta \in C_c^\infty(\mathbb{R}^n)$  be a standard mollifier, with  $\text{supp}(\eta) \subset B(0, 1)$  and  $\int_{\mathbb{R}^n} \eta(x) dx = 1$ . Set  $\eta_\varepsilon(x) = \frac{1}{\varepsilon^n} \eta\left(\frac{x}{\varepsilon}\right)$ ,  $\varepsilon > 0$ , and let  $e_n := (0, \dots, 0, 1) \in \mathbb{R}^n$ .

If  $u \in W^{1,p}(\mathbb{R}_+^n)$  and  $u_\varepsilon(x) = u(x + 2\varepsilon e_n)$  show that  $w_\varepsilon := \eta_\varepsilon * u_\varepsilon$  is well defined in  $\mathbb{R}_+^n$ , and

$$w_\varepsilon \in C^\infty(\overline{\mathbb{R}_+^n}) \quad \text{with} \quad \|u - w_\varepsilon\|_{W^{1,p}(\mathbb{R}_+^n)} \rightarrow 0 \quad \text{as} \quad \varepsilon \rightarrow 0.$$

5. Suppose  $u \in W^{1,p}(\mathbb{R}_+^n)$  with weak derivatives  $D^\alpha u \in L^p(\mathbb{R}_+^n)$ ,  $|\alpha| = 1$ , and let  $\varphi \in C^1(\overline{\mathbb{R}_+^n})$ .

Suppose  $\varphi(x) = 0$  if  $x \in \partial\mathbb{R}_+^n = \mathbb{R}^{n-1}$  or if  $|x| > M$ . Show that

$$\int_{\mathbb{R}_+^n} u(x) D^\alpha \varphi(x) dx = - \int_{\mathbb{R}_+^n} D^\alpha u(x) \varphi(x) dx.$$

[Hint: Use e.g. ideas from proof of Theorem 2/Section 5.5/Evans]