

Numerical integration of SDEs

Ornstein - Uhlenbeck process

$$\begin{cases} dX + a X dt = b dW \\ X(0) = x_0 \text{ a.s.} \end{cases}$$

$$X(t) \sim N\left(x_0 e^{-at}, \frac{b^2}{2a}(1 - e^{-2at})\right)$$

a = 1;

b = 1.2;

x0 = 5; (* initial value *)

Δt = .01; (* integration time step *)

tMax = 10; (* max integration time *)

sample :=

```
Block[{t, X, data},
```

```
t = 0;
```

```
X = x0;
```

```
data = {{0, x0}};
```

```
While[t < tMax,
```

```
t = t + Δt;
```

```
X = X - a X Δt + b √Δt RandomReal[NormalDistribution[0, 1]];
```

```
data = Join[data, {{t, X}}];
```

```
Return[data];
```

```

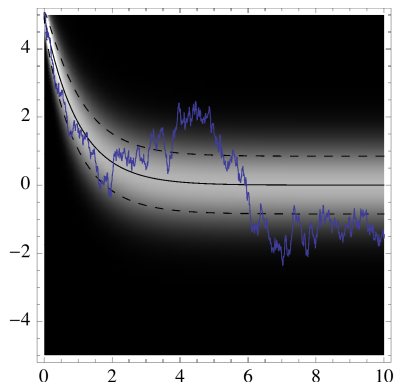
plot[sample_] :=
  ListPlot[sample, Mesh → False,
    Joined → True, AxesLabel → {"t", "X[t]"}, PlotRange → All];

background := DensityPlot[PDF[NormalDistribution[x0 e-a t,
   $\sqrt{\frac{b^2}{2a} (1 - e^{-2at})}$ ], x],
  {t, 0, tMax}, {x, -x0, x0}, PlotPoints → 50, ColorFunction → GrayLevel];

std = Plot[{x0 e-a t +  $\sqrt{\frac{b^2}{2a} (1 - e^{-2at})}$ ,
  x0 e-a t -  $\sqrt{\frac{b^2}{2a} (1 - e^{-2at})}$ , x0 e-a t},
  {t, 0, tMax}, PlotStyle → {{Dashed, Black}, {Dashed, Black}, {Black}}];

Show[background, std, plot[sample], ImageSize → Small]

```



```

a = 1;
b = 1.2;

x0 = 0; (* initial value *)
Δt = .01; (* integration time step *)
tMax = 200; (* max integration time *)

dat = sample[[All, 2]];
mean = Mean[dat];
var = Variance[dat];

Print["Mean = ", mean];
Print["Var = ", var];
Print["b2/(2a) = ", b2 / (2 a)];

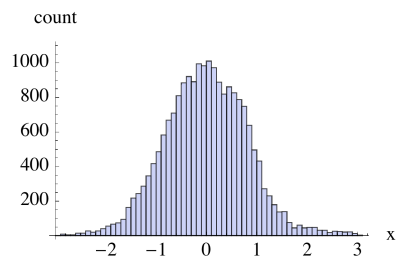
Histogram[dat, AxesLabel → {"x", "count"}, ImageSize → Small]

```

Mean = -0.00223288

Var = 0.669325

$b^2/(2a) = 0.72$



Log-normal process 1

$$\begin{cases} dX = X dW \text{ (Ito)} \\ X(0) = x_0 \text{ a.s.} \end{cases}$$

$$\log(X(t)) \sim N\left(\log(x_0) - \frac{1}{2}t, t\right)$$

```

x0 = 5; (* initial value *)
Δt = .01; (* integration time step *)
tMax = 20; (* max integration time *)

sample :=
Block[{t, X, data},
  t = 0;
  X = x0;
  data = {{0, Log[x0]}};
  While[t < tMax,
    t = t + Δt;
    X = X + X √Δt RandomReal[NormalDistribution[0, 1]];
    data = Join[data, {{t, Log[X]}}];
  ];
  Return[data];

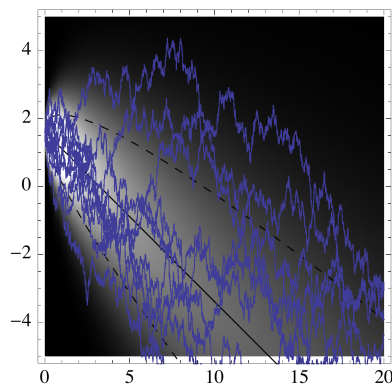
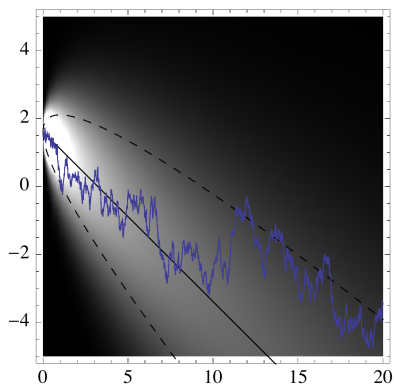
plot[sample_] :=
ListPlot[sample, Mesh → False,
  Joined → True, AxesLabel → {"t", "Log x[t]"}, PlotRange → All];

background := DensityPlot[PDF[NormalDistribution[Log[x0] - 1/2 t, √t], x],
  {t, 0, tMax}, {x, -x0, x0}, PlotPoints → 50, ColorFunction → GrayLevel];

std = Plot[{Log[x0] - 1/2 t + √t, Log[x0] - 1/2 t - √t, Log[x0] - 1/2 t},
  {t, 0, tMax}, PlotStyle → {{Dashed, Black}, {Dashed, Black}, {Black}}];

Row[{
  Show[background, std, plot[sample], ImageSize → Small], " ",
  Show[background, std, Table[plot[sample], {10}], ImageSize → Small]}]

```



Log-normal process 2

$$\blacksquare \begin{cases} dX = X dW \text{ (Stratonovitch)} \\ X(0) = x_0 \text{ a.s.} \end{cases} \iff \begin{cases} dX = \frac{1}{2} X dt + X dW \text{ (Ito)} \\ X(0) = x_0 \text{ a.s.} \end{cases}$$

$\log(X(t)) \sim N(\log(x_0), t)$

```
x0 = 5; (* initial value *)
Δt = .01; (* integration time step *)
tMax = 20; (* max integration time *)

sample :=
Block[{t, X, data},
  t = 0;
  X = x0;
  data = {{0, Log[x0]}};
  While[t < tMax,
    t = t + Δt;
    X = X +  $\frac{1}{2}$  X Δt + X  $\sqrt{\Delta t}$  RandomReal[NormalDistribution[0, 1]];
    data = Join[data, {{t, Log[X]}}];
  ];
  Return[data];
];

plot[sample_] :=
ListPlot[sample, Mesh → False,
  Joined → True, AxesLabel → {"t", "Log x[t]"}, PlotRange → All];

background := DensityPlot[PDF[NormalDistribution[Log[x0],  $\sqrt{t}$ ], x],
  {t, 0, tMax}, {x, -x0, 2 x0}, PlotPoints → 50, ColorFunction → GrayLevel];

std = Plot[{Log[x0] +  $\sqrt{t}$ , Log[x0] -  $\sqrt{t}$ , Log[x0]}, {t, 0, tMax},
  PlotStyle → {{Dashed, Black}, {Dashed, Black}, {Black}}];

Row[{
  Show[background, std, plot[sample], ImageSize → Small], " ",
  Show[background, std, Table[plot[sample], {10}], ImageSize → Small]}]
```

