

Please complete the theoretical exercises (marked with T) before the exercise session and be prepared to present your solution there.

T1. Define a function $g : \mathbb{R} \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$ by

$$g(x) = \begin{cases} 1 & \text{for } 0.4 \leq x \leq 0.6, \\ 0 & \text{otherwise.} \end{cases}$$

Compute the function $g * g$ analytically (by hand), where

$$(g * g)(x) = \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} g(x')g(x - x') dx'.$$

Outside which interval $[a, b] \subset \mathbb{R}$ is $(g * g)(x) = 0$?

T2. Let the discrete point spread function $p \in \mathbb{R}^5$ and the vector $f \in \mathbb{R}^{10}$ be defined by

$$\begin{aligned} \tilde{p} &= [\tilde{p}_{-2}, \tilde{p}_{-1}, \tilde{p}_0, \tilde{p}_1, \tilde{p}_2]^T = [1, 1, 1, 1, 1]^T, \\ f &= [f_1, f_2, f_3, f_4, f_5, f_6, f_7, f_8, f_9, f_{10}]^T = [0, 0, 0, 0, 1, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0]^T. \end{aligned}$$

Compute the discrete convolution vector $(\tilde{p} * f) \in \mathbb{R}^{10}$ by

$$(\tilde{p} * f)_j = \sum_{\ell=-2}^2 \tilde{p}_\ell f_{j-\ell},$$

where $f_{j-\ell}$ is defined using periodic boundary conditions for the cases $j-\ell < 1$ and $j-\ell > n$.

T3. Take $\Delta x = \frac{1}{10}$ and compute the normalized point spread function

$$p = \left(\Delta x \sum_{j=-2}^2 \tilde{p}_j \right)^{-1} \tilde{p}.$$

Compute the discrete convolution vector $(\tilde{p} * f) \in \mathbb{R}^{10}$ with vector $f \in \mathbb{R}^{10}$ as in exercise T2 except that $f_1 = 2$. Be careful with the periodic boundary condition!

You can work on these Matlab exercises (marked with M) in the exercise session.

- M1. Compute numerically the function $(g * g)(x)$ as defined above in Exercise T1. Plot the functions $g(x)$ and $(g * g)(x)$ in the same picture with different colors. You can do this by modifying the files `DC_convmtx.m`, `DC1_cont_data_comp.m` and `DC1_cont_data_plot.m` available at the course webpage.

Save the plot in Encapsulated PostScript format with filename `convplot1.eps`. The Matlab command you need is

```
>> print -depsc convplot1.eps
```

- M2. Let $g(x)$ be as in Exercise T1. Define a normalized point spread function $p(x) := Cg(x)$. Namely, compute numerically such a constant $C > 0$ that

$$\int_{-\infty}^{\infty} p(x) dx = 1.$$

Now compute numerically the function $(p * g)(x)$. Plot the functions $g(x)$ and $(p * g)(x)$ in the same picture with different colors. What is the difference with the result of Exercise M1?

You can work on these L^AT_EX exercises (marked with L) in the exercise session, or you can complete them beforehand.

- L1. Download the file `reportdraft1.tex` from the course webpage. Run it with L^AT_EX; the result should be a pdf document. This document will serve as the template for the project work of this course.
- L2. Let us try including a picture in the L^AT_EX document. Add the command

```
\usepackage{graphicx}
```

to the second row of `reportdraft1.tex`. Next use this series of commands to add the picture to the Section *Results*:

```
\begin{picture}(320,250)
\put(0,0){\includegraphics[height=8cm]{convplot1.eps}}
\end{picture}
```

Try changing the numbers 320,250,0 and 8 above one by one and rerunning L^AT_EX. Can you figure out the meaning of each of the numbers?