## Department of Mathematics and Statistics, University of Helsinki Numerical methods and the C language, fall 2010

## Workshop 10

Mon 22.11. at 16-18 B322

1. Ramanujan has proposed that

$$\int_0^\infty \frac{\mathrm{d}x}{(1+x^2)(1+r^2x^2)(1+r^4x^2)} = \frac{\pi(1+r+r^2)}{2(1+r^2)(1+r)^2}.$$

By using the program xqromo.cpp or QAGI-integration in GSL show that this formula holds for r = 0, 1, ..., 10 and compute the size of the error.

- 2. Solve the following by using the program mysix4.cpp (or in GSL simplex.c):
  - a) Maximize  $x_1 + 2x_2 + 3x_3 x_4$  subject to  $x_i \ge 0$  and

$$x_1 + 2x_2 + 3x_3 \le 15$$

$$2x_1 + x_2 + 5x_3 \le 20$$

$$x_1 + 2x_2 + x_3 + x_4 \le 10$$

b) Maximize  $2x_1 - 4x_2 + 5x_3 - 6x_4$  subject to  $x_i \ge 0$  and

$$x_1 + 4x_2 - 2x_3 + 8x_4 \le 2$$

$$-x_1 + 2x_2 + 3x_3 + 4x_4 < 1$$

3. Minimize

$$5x^2 + \sin(5x) - 2\cos(x^2)$$

by using the golden section and Brent's method (NR::brent, NR::golden). Compare their rate of convergence, i.e. print or plot the x-values and function values after each iteration step.

Hint: Modify NR::brent and NR::golden to obtain the x-values after each step of the algorithm.

4. The Bessel function J<sub>0</sub> has the following approximate formula

$$\pi J_0(z) = \left(\frac{2\pi}{z}\right)^{1/2} \left\{ \cos(z - \pi/4) + \frac{1}{8z} \sin(z - \pi/4) + O(1/z^2) \right\} \ .$$

Explore experimentally the maximal error in this formula on the intervals [10\*j, 10\*(j+1)], j=1,...,30. Recall that NR::bessj0 gives the values of this Bessel function in NR.

5. A designer wants to find a spline curve that nicely describes a horizontal cross section of the famous Aalto vase. Help the designer in this task.

Hint: Use the program mysptrp2.cpp. See the picture below.

