## **Computational light scattering**, fall 2020 (PAP315, 5 cr) Everying 2 (geometric optics and EDTD)

Exercise 3 (geometric optics and FDTD )

1.(9 points) Starting from Maxwell's equations, derive the update equations for a one-dimensional finite-difference time-domain algorithm. You can assume that the space is uniform in the x- and y-direction. Assume also that the material parameters, permittivity  $\epsilon_r$ , permeability  $\mu_r$ , and electric conductivity  $\sigma$  are isotropic.

2.(12 points) Implement a one-dimensional FDTD-algorithm for the  $E_y/H_x$ - mode based on the update equations derived in the problem 1. The program should include

- total-field / scattered field source (Gaussian pulse),
- perfectly (ideally) absorbing boundary conditions,
- computation of the reflectance and transmittance,
- visualization of the eletric and magnetic fields.

You may use the following parameters:

- grid size  $N_k = 1000$ ,
- $\Delta z = 10^{-8}$ ,
- Gaussian pulse width  $\tau = 5 \times 10^{-16}$ ,
- Gaussian pulse delay  $t_0 = 6\tau$ ,
- $\epsilon_r(1:299) = 1$ ,  $\epsilon_r(300:500) = 5$ ,  $\epsilon_r(501:700) = 3$ ,  $\epsilon_r(701:1000) = 1$ ,

Plot the reflection and transmission as a function of frequency (430-850 THz).