

# Time-frequency analysis — Winter 2012

## 2. EXERCISE SET

**2.1.** Prove that bitiles satisfy  $P \leq P'$  if and only if  $P_u \leq P'_u$  or  $P_d \leq P'_d$ . Check also that  $\leq$  (for either tiles or bitiles) is a partial order, i.e.:  $P \leq P' \leq P$  if and only if  $P = P'$ , and  $P \leq P' \leq P''$  implies  $P \leq P''$ .

**2.2.** Let  $\mathbb{T}$  be a non-empty tree. Prove that, among there is a minimal top time interval  $I$  such that:

- $I = I_T$  for some top  $T$  of  $\mathbb{T}$ , and
- if  $T'$  is another top of  $\mathbb{T}$ , then  $I_T \subseteq I_{T'}$ .

However, show by an example that there can be different tops with the same minimal time interval but disjoint frequency intervals.

**2.3.** Recall that  $S_N f = \sum_{P \in \mathbb{P}} \langle f, w_{P_d} \rangle w_{P_d}$ , where  $\mathbb{P} = \{P \text{ bitile} : I_P \subseteq [0, 1) : \omega_{P_u} \ni N\}$ . Prove that  $\mathbb{P}$  is an up-tree and find its minimal top.

**2.4.** Recall the lemma: for  $p \in (1, \infty)$  and  $g \in L^1_{\text{loc}}$ , we have  $\|g\|_{L^{p,\infty}} \lesssim A$  if and only if  $|\int_E g| \lesssim A|E|^{1/p'}$  for all bounded sets  $E$ . Recall that “ $\Leftarrow$ ” was proven on the lecture; now prove “ $\Rightarrow$ ”. (Hint: for  $g \geq 0$ ,  $\int_E g = \int_0^\infty |E \cap \{g > t\}| dt$ .) Only one of the implications holds for  $p = 1$  — investigate which one?

**2.5.** The Haar functions are defined by  $h_I(x) := |I|^{-1/2} 1_I(x) r_0(x/|I|)$  for dyadic intervals  $I$ . Write  $h_I$  in the Walsh formalism as some  $w_P$ . Using properties of the Walsh wave packets, prove that  $\{h_I : I \subseteq [0, 1) : |I| > 2^{-k}\}$  is an orthonormal basis of  $\{f \in L^2(0, 1) : \int f = 0, f \text{ is constant on } 2^{-k}[j, j+1), j = 0, 1, \dots, 2^k - 1\}$ . (Hint: Which domain in the phase plane  $\mathbb{R}_+^2$  do the corresponding tiles  $P$  cover? — It is also possible to do the exercise directly without using the wave packet formalism, but try to find an ‘elegant’ proof using the tools that we already have developed.)