

Final exam - loppukoe

Introduction to generalized quantifiers II

19.5.2005

1. Define the union of an elementary chain (\mathcal{M}_n, Q_n) , $n \in \mathbb{N}$, of weak models and prove that the union is an elementary extension of each member of the chain.
2. Show that every uncountable weak model $(\mathcal{M}, \exists^{\geq \aleph_1})$ satisfies Keisler's axiom KA.
3. Suppose (\mathcal{M}, Q) is a countable weak cofinality model and $\varphi(x, y)$ is a formula of $L_{\omega\omega}(Q)$ such that $(\mathcal{M}^*, Q) \models Q^*xy\varphi(x, y)$. Let c be a new constant symbol and T the theory

$$\{\theta : (\mathcal{M}^*, Q) \models \theta\} \cup \{\varphi(a, c) : a \in M\}.$$

Prove that $T \cup \{\theta(c)\}$ is consistent if and only if $(\mathcal{M}^*, Q) \models \forall x \exists y (\varphi(x, y) \wedge \theta(y))$.

4. Prove that the model $(\mathbb{N} + \mathbb{Z} + \mathbb{Z}, <)$ is not \aleph_0 -homogeneous.

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15.6.2005, Tapio Eerola

1. Show that player I has a winning strategy in the monotone model existence game $\text{MEG}^Q(T, L)$, where L consists of unary predicate symbols P and R and a T is $\{\check{Q}x(\neg Px \wedge \neg Rx), QxPx \vee QxRx\}$.
2. Suppose (\mathcal{M}, Q) is a non-trivial countable monotone ideal weak model and $\varphi(x)$ is a formula of $L_{\omega\omega}(Q)$ such that $(\mathcal{M}^*, Q) \models Qx\varphi(x)$. Let c be a new constant symbol and T the theory

$$\{\theta : (\mathcal{M}^*, Q) \models \theta\} \cup \{\varphi(c)\} \cup \{\neg\psi(c) : (\mathcal{M}^*, Q) \models \neg Qx\psi(x)\}.$$

Prove that $T \cup \{\psi(c)\}$ is consistent if and only if $(\mathcal{M}^*, Q) \models Qx(\varphi(x) \wedge \psi(x))$.

3. Describe the proof of the Completeness Theorem of $\exists^{\geq \aleph_1}$ using the Main Lemma and the Precise Extension Lemma. You need not prove the two lemmas.
4. Prove that the model $(\mathbb{N} + \mathbb{Z}, <)$ is \aleph_0 -homogeneous.

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Introduction to generalized quantifiers II

10.8.2005, Jarmo Kontinen

1. Suppose \mathcal{M} is an L -structure and Q and Q' are weak quantifiers on M such that

$$\text{Def}(\mathcal{M}, Q) \cap Q = \text{Def}(\mathcal{M}, Q) \cap Q'.$$

Show that for all $\varphi \in L_{\omega\omega}(Q)$ and all assignments s

$$(\mathcal{M}, Q) \models_s \varphi \iff (\mathcal{M}, Q') \models_s \varphi.$$

2. Suppose L is a countable vocabulary and T is a set of L -sentences of $L_{\omega\omega}(Q)$. Show that if T has a monotone model (\mathcal{M}, Q) , then Player II has a winning strategy in $\text{MEG}^Q(T, L)$.
3. Prove the Union Lemma for weak models: The union of an elementary chain (\mathcal{M}_n, Q_n) ($n \in \mathbb{N}$) of weak models is an elementary extension of each element of the chain.
4. Prove that if \mathcal{M} and \mathcal{N} are \aleph_0 -homogeneous, satisfy the same n -types for all n , and $\mathcal{M} \equiv \mathcal{N}$, then $\mathcal{M} \simeq_p \mathcal{N}$.

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Introduction to generalized quantifiers II

25.10.2005

1. Suppose L is a vocabulary, \mathcal{M} an L -structure and $X \subseteq M$ such that for all L -formulas $\varphi(x_0, \dots, x_n)$ the following holds:

If $a_0, \dots, a_{n-1} \in X$ and $\mathcal{M} \models \varphi(a_0, \dots, a_{n-1}, a_n)$ for some $a_n \in M$, then $\mathcal{M} \models \varphi(a_0, \dots, a_{n-1}, a'_n)$ for some $a'_n \in X$.

Show that $\mathcal{M}^{(X)} \prec \mathcal{M}$.

2. Suppose L is a vocabulary, \mathcal{M} an L -structure and \mathcal{F} a family of functions such that every L -formula has a Skolem-function $\in \mathcal{F}$ in \mathcal{M} . Suppose $M_0 \subseteq M$ is closed under all functions in \mathcal{F} . Then M_0 is the universe of an elementary submodel \mathcal{M}_0 of \mathcal{M} .
3. Give a winning strategy for player II in the monotone model existence game $\text{MEG}^Q(T, L)$, where L consists of unary predicate symbols P and R and a T is $\{\tilde{Q}x(\neg Px \vee \neg Rx), QxPx \wedge QxRx\}$.
4. Show that if $\varphi(x)$ is countable-like in a plural non-trivial (\mathcal{M}, Q) , then $(\mathcal{M}, Q) \models \neg Qx\psi(x)$.
5. Suppose $R \in Q_{\omega}^{\text{cf}}(M)$ and $S \in Q_{>\omega}^{\text{cf}}(M)$. Show that there is no order preserving mapping $f : (M, <_S) \rightarrow (M, <_R)$ (i.e. $x <_S y \rightarrow f(x) <_R f(y)$) whose range is cofinal in $<_S$.